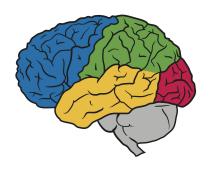
T5 and Beyond

Colin Raffel



Unsupervised pre-training

The cabs ____ the same rates as those by horse-drawn cabs and were _ quite popular, ___ the Prince of Wales (the ____ King Edward VII) travelled in ____. The cabs quickly ___ known as "hummingbirds" for ____ noise made by their motors and their distinctive black and ____ livery. Passengers ____ the interior fittings were ___ when compared to __ cabs but there ___ some complaints ____ the ___ lighting made them too ____ to those outside ____.

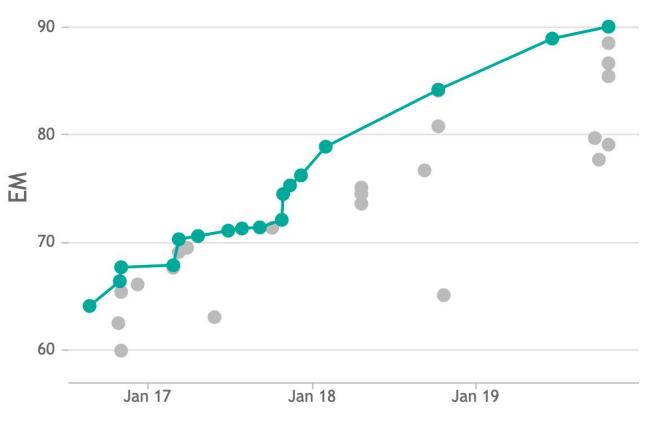
charged, used, initially, even, future, became, the, yellow, reported, that, luxurious, horse-drawn, were that, internal, conspicuous, cab

Supervised fine-tuning

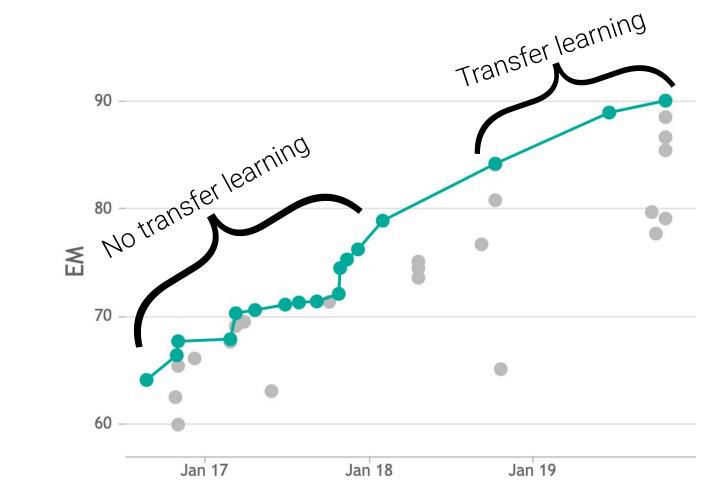
This movie is terrible! The acting is bad and I was bored the entire time. There was no plot and nothing interesting happened. I was really surprised since I had very high expectations. I want 103 minutes of my life back!

negative

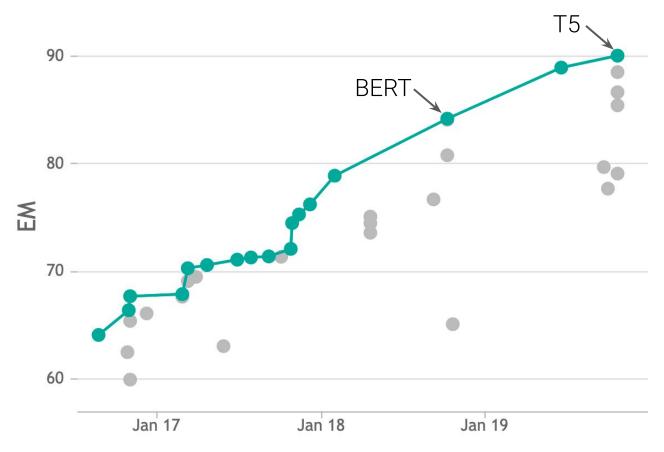
SQuAD Exact Match score (validation set)



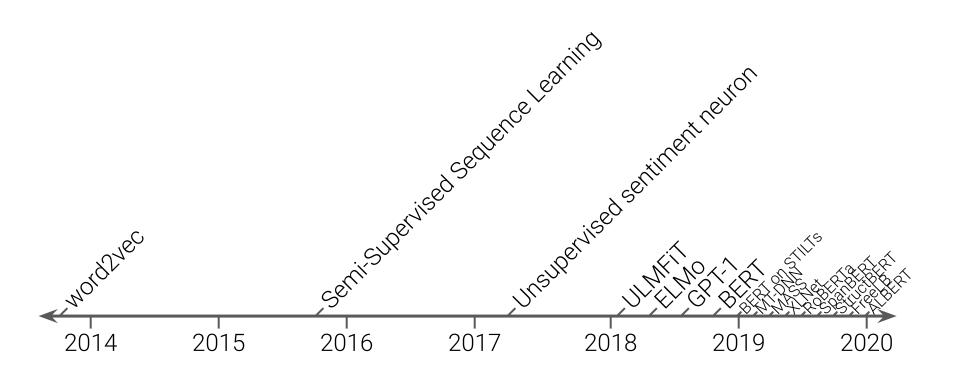
Source: https://paperswithcode.com/sota/question-answering-on-squad11-dev

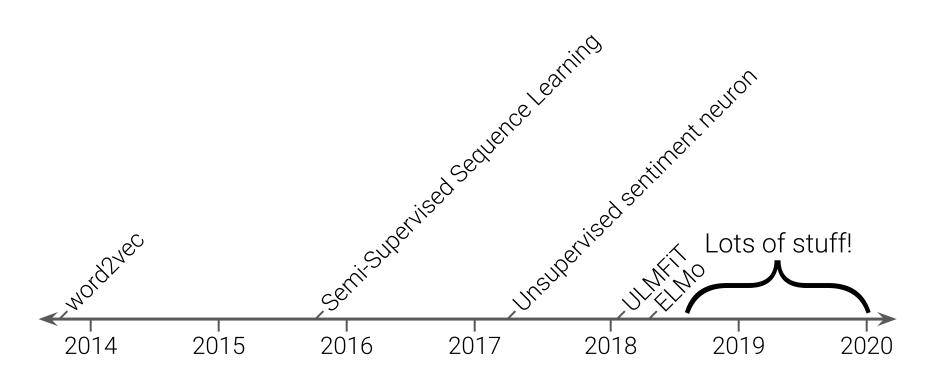


Source: https://paperswithcode.com/sota/question-answering-on-squad11-dev



Source: https://paperswithcode.com/sota/question-answering-on-squad11-dev





- Paper A proposes an unsupervised pre-training technique called "FancyLearn".
- Paper B proposes another pre-training technique called "FancierLearn" and achieves better results.
- Paper A uses Wikipedia for unlabeled data.
- Paper B uses Wikipedia and the Toronto Books Corpus.
- Is FancierLearn better than FancyLearn?

- Paper A proposes an unsupervised pre-training technique called "FancyLearn".
- Paper B proposes another pre-training technique called "FancierLearn" and achieves better results.
- Paper A uses a model with 100 million parameters.
- Paper B uses a model with 200 million parameters.
- Is FancierLearn better than FancyLearn?

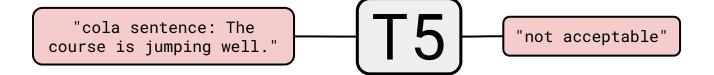
- Paper A proposes an unsupervised pre-training technique called "FancyLearn".
- Paper B proposes another pre-training technique called "FancierLearn" and achieves better results.
- Paper A pre-trains on 100 billion tokens of unlabeled data.
- Paper B pre-trains on 200 billion tokens of unlabeled data.
- Is FancierLearn better than FancyLearn?

- Paper A proposes an unsupervised pre-training technique called "FancyLearn".
- Paper B proposes another pre-training technique called "FancierLearn" and achieves better results.
- Paper A uses the **Adam optimizer**.
- Paper B uses SGD with momentum.
- Is FancierLearn better than FancyLearn?

Given the current landscape of transfer learning for NLP, what works best? And how far can we push the tools we already have?

Text-**t**o-Text Transfer Transformer

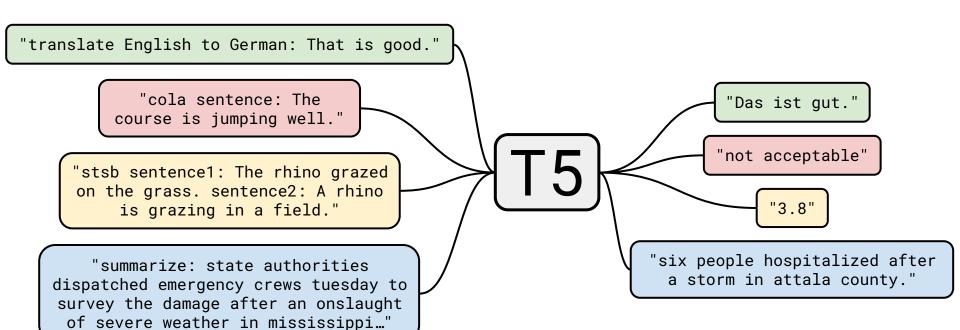


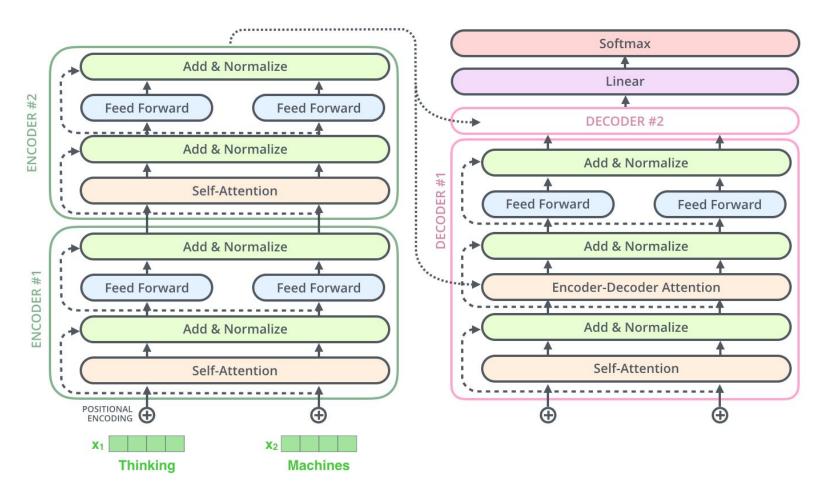


"stsb sentence1: The rhino grazed on the grass. sentence2: A rhino is grazing in a field."

"summarize: state authorities dispatched emergency crews tuesday to survey the damage after an onslaught of severe weather in mississippi..."

T5 six people hospitalized after a storm in attala county."





Source: http://jalammar.github.io/illustrated-transformer/

pital and ma. the co ity ranks 2 tion. the p s, with the ed to 643 oklahoma n of 1,358 shawnee o n of 1,459 oma's larg	largest city of the upounty seat of oklahozoth among united population grew follow population estimated, 648 as of july 2017 a city metropolitan a 8,452,[9] and the combined statistica 9,758 residents,[9] gest metropolitan a	environment.[1] the complete missions race.[2] the show ha familiar reality-varie games. it has garne comeback program of the program, afte family outing in feb the show has becorned asia, and has gained online	county,[8] the civities in population of 2010 census on have increased as of 2015, the control of the control o	the year the beg euro duri fran add cath	e signing of the treaty formally ended the seven ars' war, known as the french and indian war in the enorth american theatre,[1] and marked the arginning of an era of british dominance outside arrope.[2] great britain and france each returned such of the territory that they had captured arring the war, but great britain gained much of ance's possessions in north america. Iditionally, great britain agreed to protect roman atholicism in the new world is a small hand-propelled vehicle, one wheel, designed to be ed by a single person using two ar, or by a sail to push the rrow by wind. the term made of two words: "wheel" and which was a device used for its designed to distribute the between the wheel and the
hed we	s extend into canad were the weight ca	hallyu fans, having been fansu languages, such as english, sp french, italian, thai, vietnames	oanish, portugu		operator, so enabling the convenient carriage of heavier and bulkier loads than would be possible were the weight carried entirely by the operator.
eaty of p	as such it is a seco	nd-class lever	o ooum uoru,		== piano greed to protect forman rld
reaty of paris, also kn 3, was signed on 10 fe doms of great britain, ugal in agreement of the lemon citrus limon (1) ochock is a species of				ehicl	the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical instrument invented in italy by bartolomeo cristofori around the year 1700 (the exact year is gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic, stringed musical paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is an acoustic paris, also known as the treaty gned on 10 february 1763 by the piano is account to the pia
france a	gning of a wheelbarrow is a small hand-propelled vehicle, usually with just one wheel, designed to be pushed and guided by a single person using two handles at the rear, or by a sail to push the ancient wheelbarrow by wind. the term "wheelbarrow" is made of two words: "wheel" and go the we's pose english "bearwe" which was a device used for			ng tw	uncertain), in which the strings are struck by hammers. it is played using a keyboard,[1] which is a row of keys (small levers) that the performer presses down or strikes with the fingers and
orth an nning of				eel" a I for	thumbs of both hands to cause the hammers to f the treaty formally ended the
h of the ng the w ce's pos tionally,				the the age c	the word piano is a shortened form of pianoforte, the italian term for the early 1700s versions of the instrument, which in turn derives from gravicembalo col piano e forte[2] and fortepiano. the italian musical terms piano and forte indicate the italian term for the early 1700s versions of the eat britain and france each retrievely the italian term for the early 1700s versions of the eat britain and france each retrievely the italian term for the early 1700s versions of the eat britain and france each retrievely that they had capture are provided in the italian term for the early 1700s versions of the eat britain and france each retrievely that they had capture are provided in the italian musical terms piano and forte indicate the italian musical terms piano a

Common Crawl Web Extracted Text

Menu

Lemon

Introduction

The lemon, Citrus Limon (I.) Osbeck, is a species of small evergreen tree in the flowering plant family rutaceae.

The tree's ellipsoidal yellow fruit is used for culinary and non-culinary purposes throughout the world, primarily for its juice, which has both culinary and cleaning uses. The juice of the lemon is about 5% to 6% citric acid, with a ph of around 2.2, giving it a sour taste.

Article

The origin of the lemon is unknown, though lemons are thought to have first grown in Assam (a region in northeast India), northern Burma or China.

A genomic study of the lemon indicated it was a hybrid between bitter orange (sour orange) and citron.

Please enable JavaScript to use our site.

Home Products Shipping Contact FAO

Dried Lemons, \$3.59/pound

Organic dried lemons from our farm in California.

Lemons are harvested and sun-dried for maximum flavor.

Good in soups and on popcorn.

The lemon, Citrus Limon (I.) Osbeck, is a species of small evergreen tree in the flowering plant family rutaceae.

The tree's ellipsoidal yellow fruit is used for culinary and non-culinary purposes throughout the world, primarily for its juice, which has both culinary and cleaning uses. The juice of the lemon is about 5% to 6% citric acid, with a ph of around 2.2, giving it a sour taste.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.

Curabitur in tempus quam. In mollis et ante at consectetur.

Aliquam erat volutpat.

Donec at lacinia est.

Duis semper, magna tempor interdum suscipit, ante elit molestie urna, eget efficitur risus nunc ac elit.

Fusce quis blandit lectus.

Mauris at mauris a turpis tristique lacinia at nec ante.

Aenean in scelerisque tellus, a efficitur ipsum.

Integer justo enim, ornare vitae sem non, mollis fermentum lectus.

Mauris ultrices nisl at libero porta sodales in ac orci.

```
function Ball(r) {
   this.radius = r;
   this.area = pi * r ** 2;
   this.show = function(){
      drawCircle(r);
   }
}
```

Common Crawl Web Extracted Text

Menu

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Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.

Curabitur in tempus quam. In mollis et ante at consectetur.

Aliquam erat volutpat.

Donec at lacinia est.

Duis semper, magna tempor interdum suscipit, ante elit molestie urna, eget efficitur risus nunc ac elit.

Fusce quis blandit lectus.

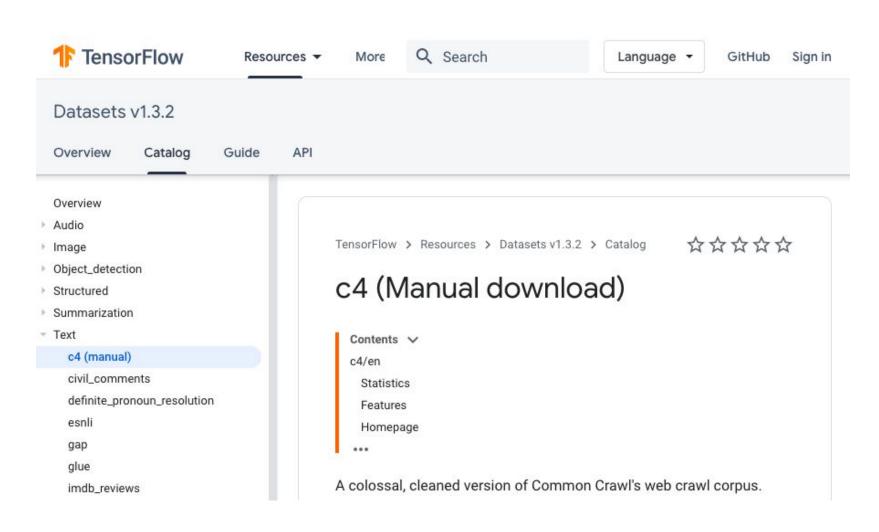
Mauris at mauris a turpis tristique lacinia at nec ante.

Aenean in scelerisque tellus, a efficitur ipsum.

Integer justo enim, ornare vitae sem non, mollis fermentum lectus.

Mauris ultrices nisl at libero porta sodales in ac orci.

```
function Ball(r) {
  this.radius = r;
  this.area = pi * r ** 2;
  this.show = function(){
    drawCircle(r);
  }
}
```



Original text

Thank you for inviting me to your party last week.

Original text

Thank you for inviting me to your party last week.

Thank you for inviting me to your party last week.

Inputs

Thank you <X> me to your party <Y> week.

```
Thank you for inviting me to your party last week.

Inputs

Thank you <X> me to your party <Y> week.
```

Targets

<X> for inviting <Y> last <Z>

Pretrain

BERT_{BASE}-sized encoder-decoder Transformer

Denoising objective

C4 dataset

2¹⁹ steps 2³⁵ or ~34B tokens Inverse square root learning rate schedule

Finetune

Pretrain

GLUE

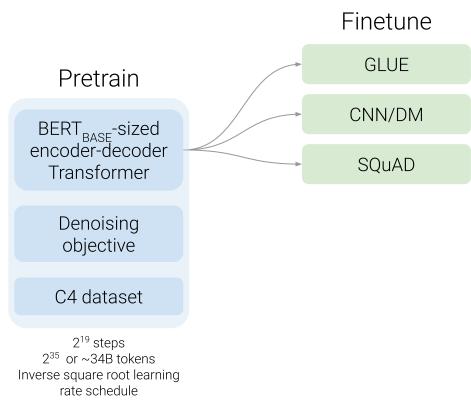
BERT_{BASE}-sized encoder-decoder Transformer

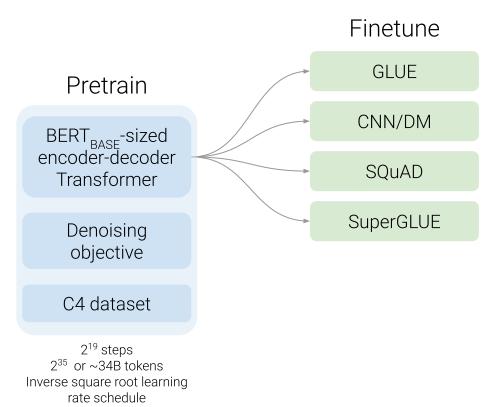
Denoising objective

C4 dataset

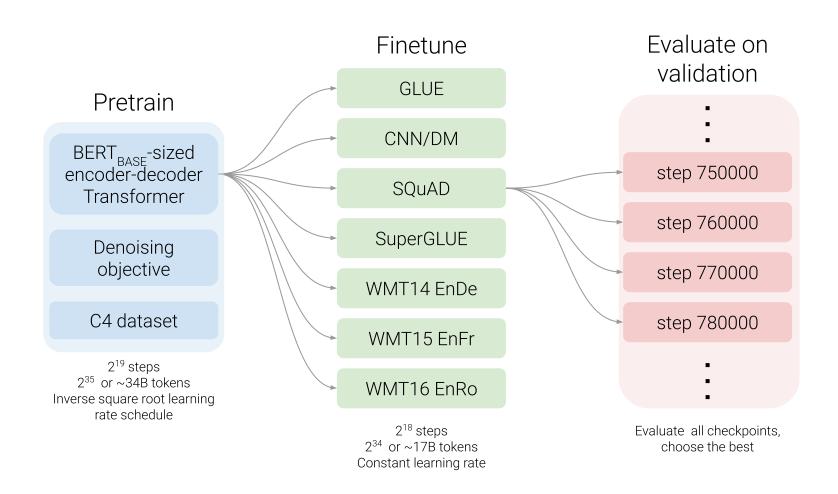
2¹⁹ steps 2³⁵ or ~34B tokens Inverse square root learning rate schedule

Finetune GLUE Pretrain CNN/DM BERT_{BASE}-sized encoder-decoder Transformer Denoising objective C4 dataset 2¹⁹ steps 2^{35} or ~34B tokens Inverse square root learning rate schedule





Finetune GLUE Pretrain CNN/DM BERT_{BASE}-sized encoder-decoder SQuAD Transformer SuperGLUE Denoising objective WMT14 EnDe C4 dataset WMT15 EnFr 2¹⁹ steps 2^{35} or ~34B tokens WMT16 EnRo Inverse square root learning rate schedule 2¹⁸ steps 2^{34} or $\sim 17B$ tokens Constant learning rate



	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
Setting 1 Setting 2	Downstream task performance						

	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Baseline average	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Baseline standard deviation	0.235	0.065	0.343	0.416	0.112	0.090	0.108

50.31

53.04

25.86

39.77

24.04

17.60

66.22

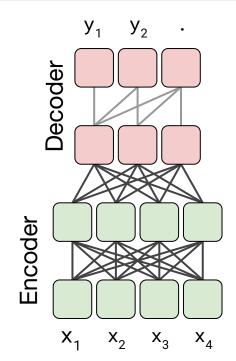
No pre-training

Star denotes baseline	Con	mparable to E	BERT	Bold = 1 st	d. dev. of	max \	
	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Baseline average	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Baseline standard deviation	0.235	0.065	0.343	0.416	0.112	0.090 /	0.108
No pre-training	66.22	17.60	50.31	53.04	25.86	×39.77	24.04

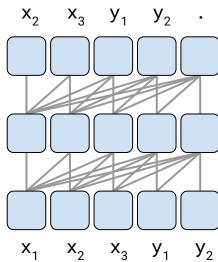
Big training set

Disclaimer

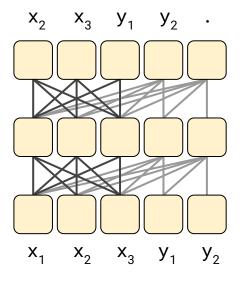
Architecture	Params	Cost	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Encoder-decoder	2P	M	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Enc-dec, shared	P	M	82.81	18.78	80.63	70.73	26.72	39.03	27.46
Enc-dec, 6 layers	P	M/2	80.88	18.97	77.59	68.42	26.38	38.40	26.95
Language model	P	\dot{M}	74.70	17.93	61.14	55.02	25.09	35.28	25.86
Prefix LM	P	M	81.82	18.61	78.94	68.11	26.43	37.98	27.39

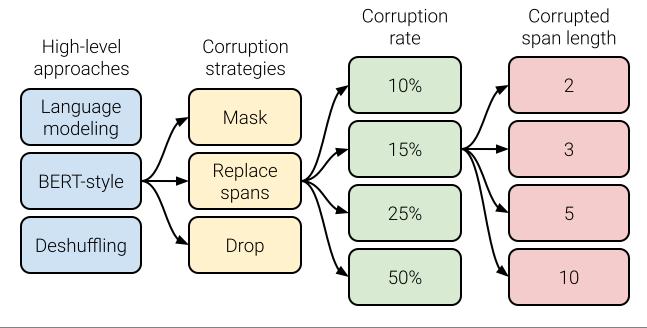


Language model



Prefix LM





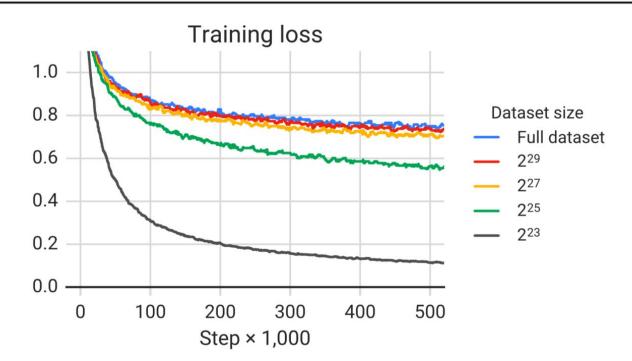
Span length	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Baseline (i.i.d.)	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
2	83.54	19.39	82.09	72.20	26.76	39.99	27.63
3	83.49	19.62	81.84	72.53	26.86	39.65	27.62
5	83.40	19.24	82.05	72.23	26.88	39.40	27.53
10	82.85	19.33	81.84	70.44	26.79	39.49	27.69

Dataset	Size	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ C4	745GB	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
C4, unfiltered	$6.1 \mathrm{TB}$	81.46	19.14	78.78	68.04	26.55	39.34	27.21
RealNews-like	(35GB	83.83	19.23	80.39	72.38	26.75	39.90	27.48
WebText-like	17GB	84.03	19.31	81.42	/ 71.40	26.80	39.74	27.59
Wikipedia /	16GB	≈ 81.85	19.31	81.29	68.01	26.94	39.69	27.67
Wikipedia + TBC	C \20GB	83.65	19.28	82.08	≯73.24	26.77	39.63	27.57
	1	Much w	orse on Col A	Δ (Much h	etter on R	eCoRD	

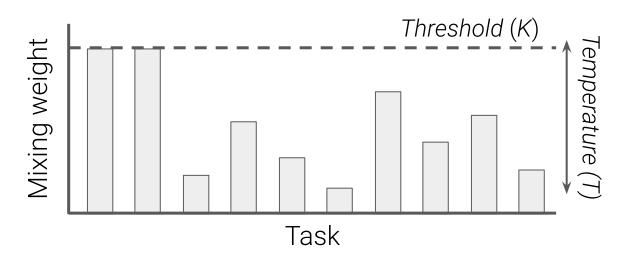
Order of magnitude smaller

Much better on MultiRC

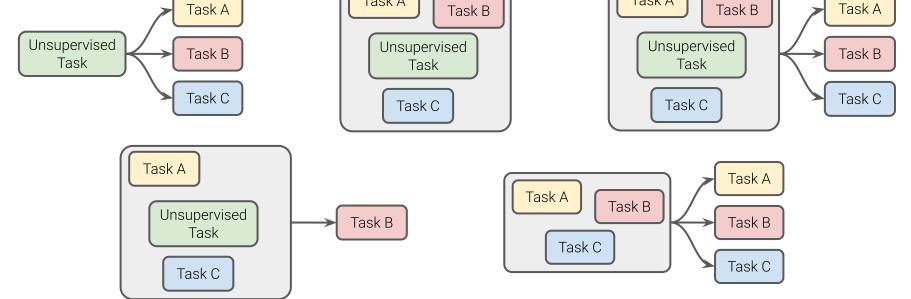
Number of tokens	Repeats	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Full dataset	0	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
2^{29}	64	$\bf 82.87$	19.19	80.97	72.03	26.83	39.74	27.63
2^{27}	256	82.62	19.20	79.78	69.97	27.02	39.71	27.33
2^{25}	1,024	79.55	18.57	76.27	64.76	26.38	39.56	26.80
2^{23}	4,096	76.34	18.33	70.92	59.29	26.37	38.84	25.81



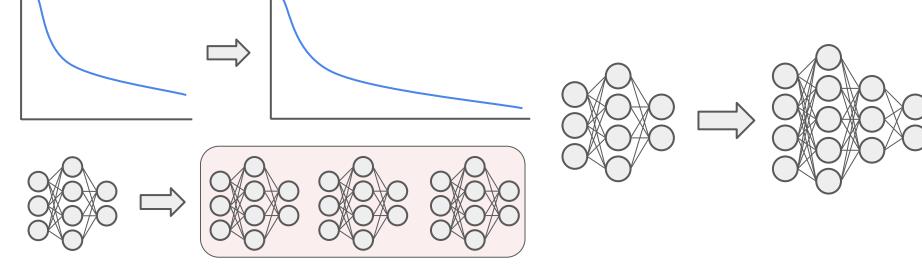
Mixing strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Baseline (pre-train/fine-tine)	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Equal	76.13	19.02	76.51	63.37	23.89	34.31	26.78
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{16}$	80.45	19.04	77.25	69.95	24.35	34.99	27.10
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{17}$	81.56	19.12	77.00	67.91	24.36	35.00	27.25
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{18}$	81.67	19.07	78.17	67.94	24.57	35.19	27.39
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{19}$	81.42	19.24	79.78	67.30	25.21	36.30	27.76
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{20}$	80.80	19.24	80.36	67.38	25.66	36.93	27.68
Examples-proportional, $K = 2^{21}$	79.83	18.79	79.50	65.10	25.82	37.22	27.13
Temperature-scaled, $T=2$	81.90	19.28	79.42	69.92	25.42	36.72	27.20
Temperature-scaled, $T=4$	80.56	19.22	77.99	69.54	25.04	35.82	27.45
Temperature-scaled, $T=8$	77.21	19.10	77.14	66.07	24.55	35.35	27.17



Training strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
Unsupervised pre-training + fine-tuning	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Multi-task training	81.42	19.24	79.78	67.30	25.21	36.30	27.76
Multi-task pre-training + fine-tuning	83.11	19.12	80.26	71.03	27.08	39.80	28.07
Leave-one-out multi-task training	81.98	19.05	79.97	71.68	26.93	39.79	27.87
Supervised multi-task pre-training	79.93	18.96	77.38	65.36	26.81	40.13	28.04



Scaling strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
* Baseline	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
$1 \times \text{size}, 4 \times \text{training steps}$	85.33	19.33	82.45	74.72	27.08	40.66	27.93
$1 \times \text{size}, 4 \times \text{batch size}$	84.60	19.42	82.52	74.64	27.07	40.60	27.84
$2 \times$ size, $2 \times$ training steps	86.18	19.66	84.18	77.18	27.52	41.03	28.19
$4 \times$ size, $1 \times$ training steps	85.91	19.73	83.86	78.04	27.47	40.71	28.10
$4\times$ ensembled	84.77	20.10	83.09	71.74	28.05	40.53	28.57
$4\times$ ensembled, fine-tune only	84.05	19.57	82.36	71.55	27.55	40.22	28.09



Encoder-decoder ard	chitecture
---------------------	------------

Architecture	Params	Cost	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Encoder-decoder	2P	M	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
Enc-dec, shared	P	M	82.81	18.78	80.63	70.73	26.72	39.03	27.46
Enc-dec, 6 layers	P	M/2	80.88	18.97	77.59	68.42	26.38	38.40	26.95
Language model	P	\dot{M}	74.70	17.93	61.14	55.02	25.09	35.28	25.86
Prefix LM	P	M	81.82	18.61	78.94	68.11	26.43	37.98	27.39

Span prediction objective

Span length	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
\bigstar Baseline (i.i.d.)	$83.28 \\ 83.54$	19.24 19.39	80.88 82.09	71.36 72.20	26.98 26.76	39.82 39.99	27.65 27.63
3 5	$83.49 \\ 83.40$	19.62 19.24	81.84 82.05	$72.53 \\ 72.23$	$26.86 \\ 26.88$	$39.65 \\ 39.40$	$27.62 \\ 27.53$
10	82.85	19.33	81.84	70.44	26.79	39.49	27.69

C4 dataset

Dataset	Size	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ C4	745GB	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
C4, unfiltered	6.1TB	81.46	19.14	78.78	68.04	26.55	39.34	27.21
RealNews-like	35GB	83.83	19.23	80.39	72.38	26.75	39.90	27.48
WebText-like	17GB	84.03	19.31	81.42	71.40	26.80	39.74	27.59
Wikipedia	16GB	81.85	19.31	81.29	68.01	26.94	39.69	27.67
Wikipedia + TBC	20GB	83.65	19.28	82.08	73.24	26.77	39.63	27.57

Multi-task pre-training

Training strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
★ Unsupervised pre-training + fine-tuning Multi-task training	83.28 81.42	19.24 19.24	80.88 79.78	71.36 67.30	26.98 25.21	39.82 36.30	27.65 27.76
Multi-task pre-training + fine-tuning	83.11	19.12	80.26	71.03	27.08	39.80	28.07
Leave-one-out multi-task training Supervised multi-task pre-training	$81.98 \\ 79.93$	19.05 18.96	79.97 77.38	71.68 65.36	26.93 26.81	39.79 40.13	$27.87 \\ 28.04$

Bigger models trained longer

Scaling strategy	GLUE	CNNDM	SQuAD	SGLUE	EnDe	EnFr	EnRo
Baseline	83.28	19.24	80.88	71.36	26.98	39.82	27.65
$1 \times \text{size}, 4 \times \text{training steps}$	85.33	19.33	82.45	74.72	27.08	40.66	27.93
$1 \times$ size, $4 \times$ batch size	84.60	19.42	82.52	74.64	27.07	40.60	27.84
$2 \times$ size, $2 \times$ training steps	86.18	19.66	84.18	77.18	27.52	41.03	28.19
$4 \times$ size, $1 \times$ training steps	85.91	19.73	83.86	78.04	27.47	40.71	28.10
4× ensembled	84.77	20.10	83.09	71.74	28.05	40.53	28.57
4× ensembled, fine-tune only	84.05	19.57	82.36	71.55	27.55	40.22	28.09

Model size variants

Model	Parameters	# layers	$d_{ m model}$	$d_{ m ff}$	$d_{ m kv}$	# heads
Small	60M	6	512	2048	64	8
Base	220M	12	768	3072	64	12
Large	770M	24	1024	4096	64	16
3B	3B	24	1024	16384	128	32
11B	11B	24	1024	65536	128	128

Model	GLUE Average	CNN/DM ROUGE-2-F	SQuAD EM	SuperGL Average	WMT EnDe	WMT EnFr BLEU	WMT EnF BLEU
-							

84.6

90.1

Back-translation beats English-only pre-training

43.8

36.0

41.2

41.5

42.6

43.4

>33.8

Human score = 89.8

EnRo

> 38.5

26.8

28.0

28.1

28.2

28.1

26.7T5-Small 77.419.56 87.24 63.3 T5-Base 82.720.3492.08 76.230.9 T5-Large 86.420.68 93.79 82.3 32.0

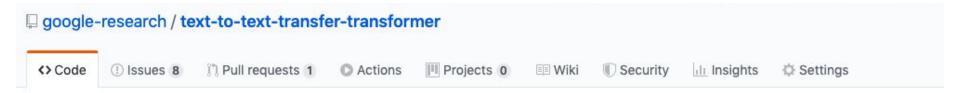
20.30

Previous best

89.4

T5-3B 88.521.02 94.9586.431.8

T5-11B 90.321.5591.2689.3 32.1



Edit

Code for the paper "Exploring the Limits of Transfer Learning with a Unified Text-to-Text Transformer" https://arxiv.org/abs/1910.10683

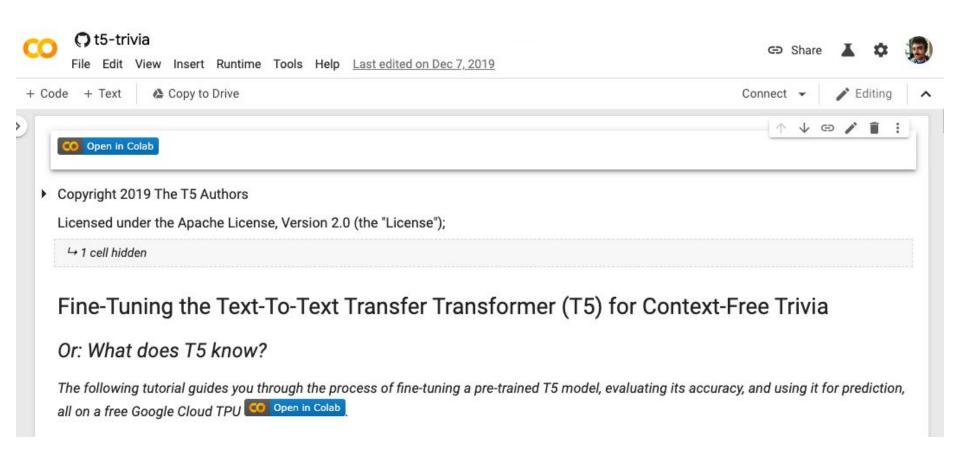
Manage topics

Released Model Checkpoints

We have released the following checkpoints for pre-trained models described in our paper:

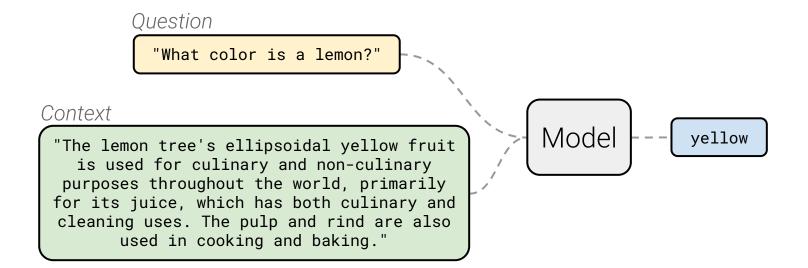
- T5-Small (60 million parameters): gs://t5-data/pretrained_models/small
- T5-Base (220 million parameters): gs://t5-data/pretrained_models/base
- T5-Large (770 million parameters): gs://t5-data/pretrained_models/large
- T5-3B (3 billion parameters): gs://t5-data/pretrained_models/3B
- T5-11B (11 billion parameters): gs://t5-data/pretrained_models/11B

https://github.com/google-research/text-to-text-transfer-transformer

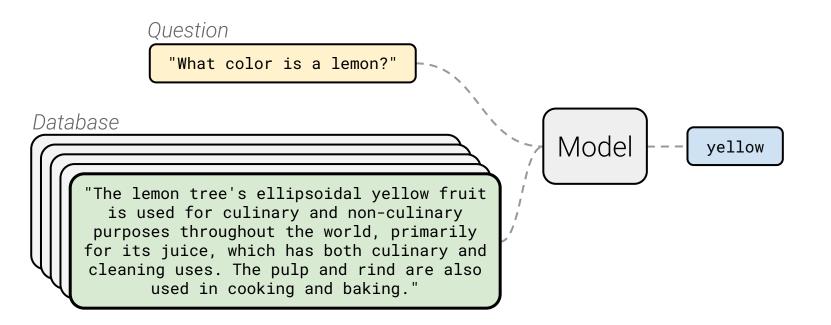


How Much Knowledge Can You Pack Into the Parameters of a Language Model?

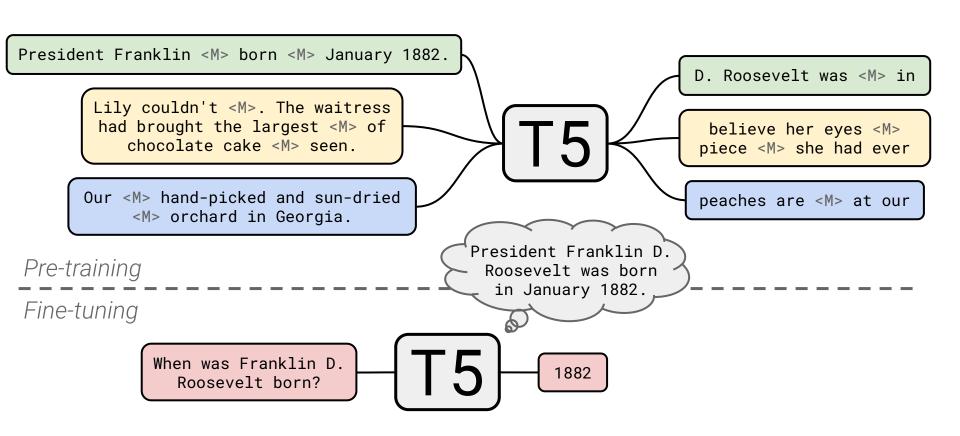
Reading Comprehension



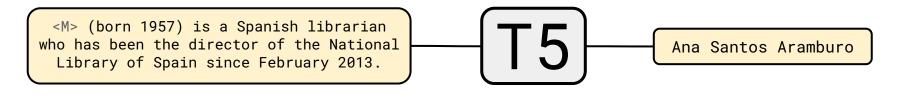
Open-Domain Question Answering

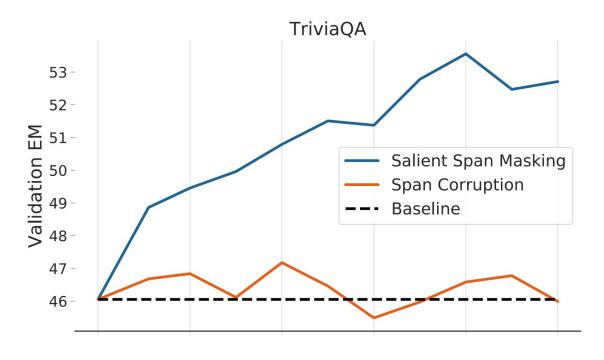


Closed-Book Question Answering



	\overline{NQ}	WQ	TQA
T5-Base	27.0	29.1	29.1
T5-Large	29.8	32.2	35.9
T5-3B	32.1	34.9	43.4
T5-11B	34.5	37.4	50.1





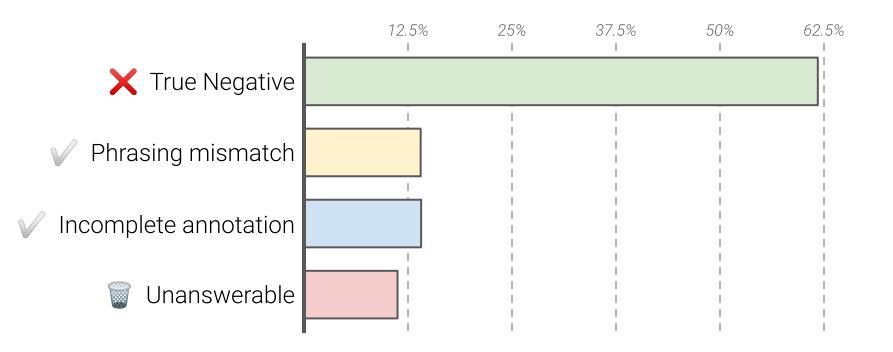
SSM data from "REALM: Retrieval-Augmented Language Model Pre-Training" by Guu et al.

	\overline{NQ}	WQ	$\overline{\mathrm{TQA}}$
T5-Base	27.0	29.1	29.1
T5-Large	29.8	32.2	35.9
T5-3B	32.1	34.9	43.4
T5-11B	34.5	37.4	50.1
T5-11B + SSM	36.6	44.7	60.5

	NQ	WQ	TQA
Open-domain SoTA	44.5	45.5	68.0
Closed-book SoTA	29.9	41.5	71.2
T5-Base	27.0	29.1	-29.1
T5-Large	29.8	32.2	35.9
T5-3B	32.1	34.9	43.4
T5-11B	34.5	37.4	50.1
$\overline{\text{T5-11B} + \text{SSM}}$	36.6	44.7	60.5
T5.1.1-Base	26.8	28.8	30.6
T5.1.1-Large	28.9	30.8	37.2
T5.1.1-XL	32.2	33.8	45.1
T5.1.1-XXL	34.2	37.4	52.5
$\overline{\mathrm{T5.1.1-XXL} + \mathrm{SSM}}$	37.9	43.5	61.6

Category	Question	Target(s)	T5 Prediction
True Negative	what does the ghost of christmas present sprinkle from his torch	little warmth, warmth	confetti
Phrasing Mismatch	who plays red on orange is new black	kate mulgrew	katherine kiernan maria mulgrew
Incomplete Annotation	where does the us launch space shuttles from	florida	kennedy lc39b
Unanswerable	who is the secretary of state for northern ireland	karen bradley	james brokenshire

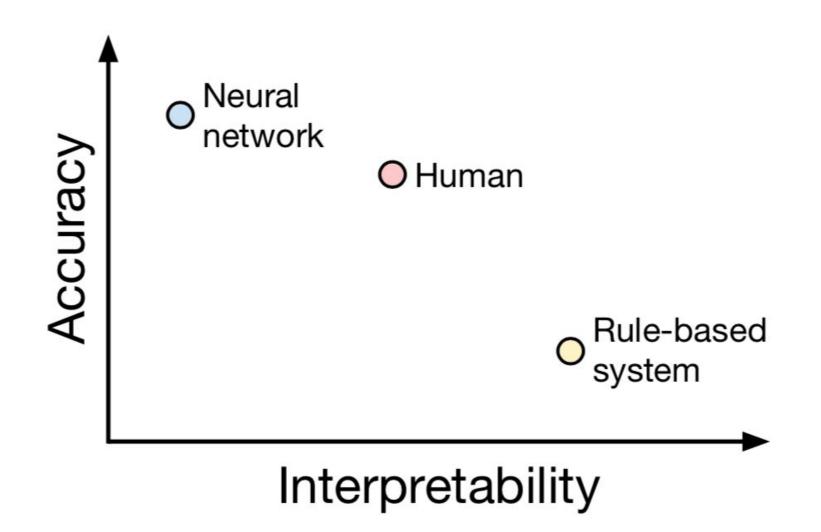
	Category	Question	Target(s)	T5 Prediction
X	True Negative	what does the ghost of christmas present sprinkle from his torch	little warmth, warmth	confetti
V	Phrasing Mismatch	who plays red on orange is new black	kate mulgrew	katherine kiernan maria mulgrew
V	Incomplete Annotation	where does the us launch space shuttles from	florida	kennedy lc39b
	Unanswerable	who is the secretary of state for northern ireland	karen bradley	james brokenshire

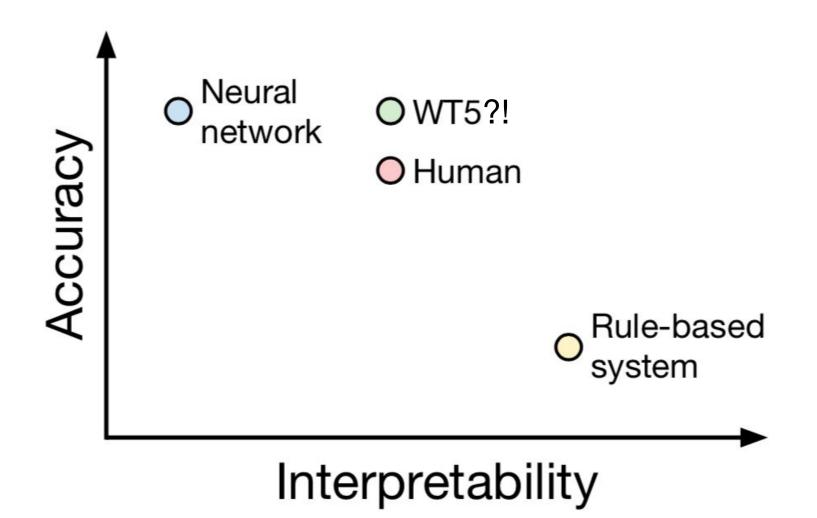


Exact Match: 36.6 → 57.8%!

WT5?!

Training Text-to-Text Models to Explain Their Predictions





"explain sentiment: I went to see this
movie with my husband, and we both
thought the acting was terrible!"

"sentiment: Despite what others say, I thought this movie was funny."

"explain nli premise: Cardinals lost last night. hypothesis: The Saint Louis Cardinals always win." "negative explanation: the acting was terrible."

"positive"

"contradiction explanation: you can't lose if you always win."

Abstractive Datasets

e-SNLI: Natural language inference dataset with explanations

<u>CoS-E</u>: Common sense QA (CQA) dataset with explanations

Evaluated with accuracy and BLEU

question: The weasel was becoming a problem, it kept getting into the chicken eggs kept in the what? choices: forest, barn, public office



barn because chicken eggs kept in barn

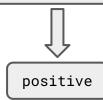
Extractive Datasets

Movie Reviews: Sentiment analysis on movie reviews

<u>MultiRC</u>: Reading comprehension dataset

Evaluated with accuracy and token overlap F1

review: I'm afraid I must disagree with Mr. Radcliffe, as although he is correct in saying this isn't a comedy, it has many other merits. The plot is a little mad at parts, but I believe it it all fits together nicely, creating a satisfying, enjoyable film. The last scene was rather abysmal compared to the rest of the film, but the actual ending of the plot a few scenes previously is very interesting, showing just what someone will do under stressful circumstances. I would recommend this film to fans of thrillers and action movies, but if you're a fan of gangster movies then as long as you don't expect expect something as deep as Goodfellas then you should still find it enjoyable."



	Explanation: A person cannot be napping and getting ready to roll a bowling ball at the same time.
CoS-E	Question: What can you use to store a book while traveling? Choices: library of congress, pocket, backpack, suitcase, synagogue Predicted answer: backpack Explanation: books are often found in backpacks
Movie Reviews	Review: sylvester stallone has made some crap films in his lifetime, but this has got to be one of the worst. a totally dull story that thinks it can use various explosions to make it interesting, "the specialist" is about as exciting as an episode of "dragnet," and about as well acted. even some attempts at film noir mood are destroyed by a sappy script, stupid and unlikable characters, and just plain nothingness Predicted label: negative

Hypothesis: A person is napping on the couch.

Predicted label: contradiction

Premise: A person in a blue shirt and tan shorts getting ready to roll a bowling ball down the alley.

e-SNLI

MultiRC

Passage: Imagine you are standing in a farm field in central Illinois. The land is so flat you can see for miles and miles. On a clear day, you might see a grain silo 20 miles away. You might think to yourself, it sure is flat around here ...

Query: In what part of Illinois might you be able to see a grain silo that is 20 miles away?

Candidate answer: Northern Illinois

Predicted label: False

Mechanical Turk Evaluation

100 explanations with 5 independent raters

Both ground truth and model generated explanations

On average, at least \% raters agree 74.6\% of the time.

- Qualified raters
- Attention checks: "please select no"
- Example ratings for different types of explanation.

Below are several questions and answers. Please determine if the provided explanation adequately explains the answer to the question.

When in doubt, refer the examples given below

To Be Approved: Make sure to answer "all" questions

To Be Approved: Make sure to answer golden question correctly. (Please read carefully, Some cases may tell you to select a specific answer, example: "Select Yes". Follow that instruction for that quesion.

Qualifying Round Rules

Some of the HITs from us are actually going to be used as qualifiers. If you score well on the qualifiers, we will select you to participate in HITs with a higher pay rate

To Be Approved (follow the rules of these examples): .

BAD EXAMPLES: (select no)

Question: Where would you find people standing in a line outside?

Choices: ['bus depot', 'light powder']

Answer: bus depot

example_1: Because: bus depot - wikipedia

example 2: Because: this word was most relevant.

Question: when communicating with my boss what should I do?

Choices: ['misunderstandings', 'transfer of information']

Answer: transfer of information

example 1: Because: when communicating with my boss what should I do transfer of information

GOOD EXAMPLES: (select ves)

Question: When are people buying products more?

Choices: ['debt', 'economic boom', 'being able to use']

example 1: Because: purchasing increases when there is more money.

Question: What might someone do after they finish creating art?

Choices: ['frustration', 'relax'] Answer: relax

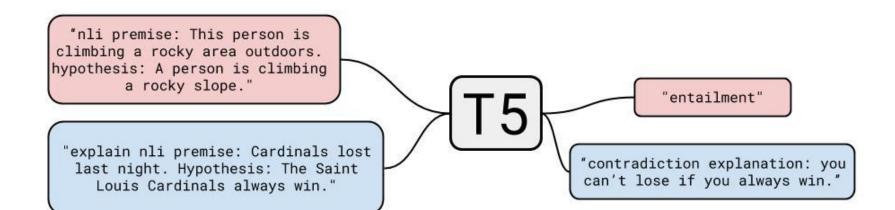
example_1: Because: some people might relax after creating art

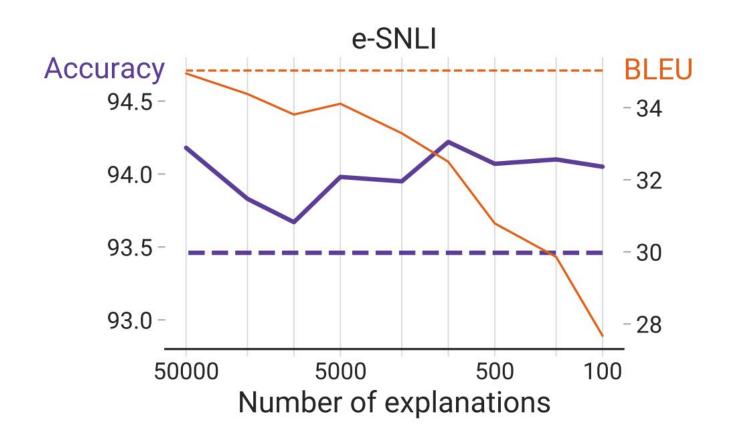
Quantitative

e-SNLI		CoS-E		Movie Reviews		MultiRC		
Model	Accuracy	BLEU	Accuracy	BLEU	Accuracy	Token F1	Accuracy	Token F1
Previous Best	91.6	27.6	83.7	-	92.2	32.2	87.6	45.6
Human score	90.9	32.4	80.4	0.51	100	29.1	90.5	51.8
WT5-11B	92.3	33.6	82.7	5.17	99.0	31.5	86.6	76.9

Mechanical Turk

Model	e-SNLI	CoS-E	Movies	MultiRC
Ground Truth	78	16	99	51
WT5-11B	90	30	94	50





Cross-dataset transfer

MNLI: NLI dataset similar to SNLI but covering a broad range of topics. Trained jointly with e-SNLI to generate abstractive explanations.

<u>IMDb</u>: Sentiment analysis on movie reviews. Trained with movie reviews dataset to predict spans in the review text.

<u>Amazon Reviews</u>: Sentiment analysis on product reviews covering a wide range of products. Similar to IMDb, trained with movie reviews dataset.

Cross-dataset transfer

Model	MNLI		IMDb		Amazon Reviews	
	Accuracy	Mturk	Accuracy	Mturk	Accuracy	Mturk
WT5-11B	91.5	82	97.2	94	98.1	90

	JP Instructions on not to engage were given to the providing up.		
	Predicted label: neutral		
	Explanation: The instructions could be about anything, not necessarily how to engage.		
IMDb	Review: "Lassie Come Home," "National Velvet," and "The Courage of Lassie," Elizabeth Taylor was eleven years old. Nevertheless, her charm and beauty were extraordinary, and what she lacked in talent and experience		
	was well hidden in a fine production that was nominated for five Academy Awards		

Review: Great TV After having researched the LCD 1080P marketplace extensively, I decided on the Samsung and have not been disappointed. My initial experience, as well as my prior experience with a number of Samsung

Premise: He passed these instructions to the pilots that launched at 10:42 and afterward.

Hypothesis: Instructions on how to engage were given to the pilot going up.

products makes me confident this will prove to be an excellent choice.

MNLI

Amazon

Predicted label: positive

Predicted label: positive

Cross-task Transfer

e-SNLI -> CoS-E (with modified formats)

Question: When going to sleep what happens to your body?

Predicted answer: relaxation

Explanation: When going to sleep, your body goes into a state of relaxation.

Question: What rubber toy filled with helium will make a child happy?

Predicted answer: balloon

Explanation: balloon is a toy filled with helium.

Exploring the Limits of Transfer Learning with a Unified Text-to-Text Transformer

Colin Raffel*, Noam Shazeer*, Adam Roberts*, Katherine Lee*, Sharan Narang, Michael Matena, Yanqi Zhou, Wei Li, and Peter J. Liu

Journal of Machine Learning Research (JMLR), 21(140), 2020.

How Much Knowledge Can You Pack Into the Parameters of a Language Model?

Adam Roberts*, Colin Raffel*, and Noam Shazeer

Proceedings of the 2020 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing (EMNLP), 2020.

WT5?! Training Text-to-Text Models to Explain their Predictions

Sharan Narang*, Colin Raffel*, Katherine Lee, Adam Roberts, Noah Fiedel, Karishma Malkan arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.14546, 2020.

Questions?